Section 1: Product & Company Information

Product Identifier: Amyl Acetate

Other Means of Identification
Product Number: 152000

Recommended Use and Restrictions on Use
Recommended Use: Solvent
Restrictions on Use: No data available.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information
Company Name: CORECHEM Inc.
Address: 4320 Greenway Drive
Knoxville, TN 37918
USA

Information Telephone Number: 1-865-524-4239
Fax Number: 1-865-524-3375
Website: www.corecherrnc.com
Contact Person: Regulatory Manager
E-mail: regulatory@corecheminc.com

Emergency Phone Number: Chemtrec* 1-800-424-9300 / Outside USA 1-703-527-3887 (monitored 24 hours/day)

Section 2: Hazards Identification

GHS Hazard Classification(s)

Physical Hazard(s)
Flammable, Liquids - 3

Health Hazard(s)
Not classified.

Environmental Hazard(s)
Not classified.

Label Elements
Signal Word
WARNING

Hazard Symbol(s)

Hazard Statement(s)
H226: Flammable liquid and vapors.
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements
General
Not applicable.

Prevention
P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233: Keep container tightly closed.
P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/fighting/equipment.
P343: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response
P303 + P361 + P333: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P361: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use suitable extinguishing media for extinction.

Storage
P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal
Page 1 of 7
Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mixture</th>
<th>Chemical Identity¹</th>
<th>Common Name/Synonym(s)</th>
<th>CAS # ²</th>
<th>Weight %</th>
<th>Impurity or Stabilizing Additive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Amyl Acetate</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Pentyl Acetate</td>
<td>628-63-7</td>
<td>60 - 100%</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isoamyl Acetate</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td>123-92-2</td>
<td>5 - 10%</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-methyl butyl acetate</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td>624-41-9</td>
<td>25-50%</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Information regarding the composition and the percent ranges of the mixtures ingredients are not presented as it Confidential Business Information (CBI). Where a medical emergency exists (as determined by medical professional), timely disclosure of CBI is assured. The information omitted pertains to only the names of the substances and the concentration in the mixture (product) and can only be requested by a doctor/physician or Local/State/Provincial or Federal Authority.

2. Non-hazardous ingredients are not presented as to protect the proprietary formula of the product.

3. ¹= Indicates ingredient is a mixture and contains multiple ingredients or may have no identifying CAS number.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

General Information
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation
Rescuers should put on appropriate protective gear. Remove from area of exposure. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact
Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately and clean shoes before reuse.

Eye Contact
Immediately flush eyes with water. Flush eyes with water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Occasionally lifting and lowering upper lids. Get medical attention promptly.

Ingestion
None normally required. In uncomfortable, seek medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

Symptoms
May cause skin and eye irritation.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Hazards
No data available.

Treatment
Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

General Fire Hazards
Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty containers retain residue. (Liquid and or vapor can be dangerous.) Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flames, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Also do not reuse container without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Can form explosive mixtures at temperatures at or above the flash point.

Suitable (and Unsuitable) Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Extinguishing powder, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, water fog

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media
Avoid water in straight hose stream; will scatter and spread fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Vapors may cause a flash fire or ignite explosively. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Special Fire-Fighting Equipment Procedures
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus, and full protective gear. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Use water with caution. Material will float and may ignite on surface or on water. Water may be ineffective in fighting the fire. Use water spray to cool containers or protect personnel. Use with caution. Avoid use of solid water streams.

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (OSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures
Use personal protective equipment. See Section 8 of the MSDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate area.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean-Up
Absorb spill with inert material. (e.g. dry sand or earth) then place in a chemical waste container. Avoid runoff into streams, waterways, and ditches. Use only noncombustible material for cleanup. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Collect spilled material for disposal.

Notification Procedures
In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental Precautions
Dike for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material if this is without risk. Inform authorities if large amounts are involved.
Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling
Prevent additional discharge of material if able to do so safely. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stay upwind of the spill. Ventilate spill area. Wear appropriate personal protective material. Stay upwind of spill. Ventilate spill area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities
Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat (Fire). Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Keep container closed when not in use. Store containers in a cool, well ventilated place.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Identity</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Amyl Acetate</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>100 ppm, 525 mg/m³</td>
<td>US OSHA Table Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isoamyl Acetate</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm, 525 mg/m³</td>
<td>US OSHA Table Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>US OSHA Table Z-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological Limit Values
The product does not contain any relevant quantities of hazardous materials with assigned biological limit values.

Appropriate Engineering Controls
No data available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

General Information
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. An eye wash and safety shower must be available in the immediate work area. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Eye/Face Protection
Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Wear a full face respirator, if needed.

Skin Protection

Hand Protection
Wear impervious gloves to prevent contact with the skin.

Other
Wear protective gear as needed, apron, boots, suit. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower.

Respiratory Protection
Approved respirators may be necessary if airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Hygiene Measures
Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid breathing vapors. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in areas where this material is used.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:
Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical Stability
Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible Materials

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Toxic gases/fumes are given off during burning or thermal decomposition. During combustion carbon monoxide may be formed. During combustion carbon dioxide may be formed.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Information on routes of exposure
Ingestion: Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Inhalation: Can cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Skin Contact: May cause irritation.
Eye Contact: May irritate eyes.

Information on Toxicological Effects
Acute Toxicity (List all possible routes of exposure)
Oral
Pentyl acetate LD50 (Rot): >6,500 mg/kg
Isoamyl Acetate: LD50 (Rabbit): 7,400 mg/kg
Dermal
Pentyl acetate LD50 (Rot): >8327 mg/kg
Inhalation
Pentyl acetate LD50 (Rot): >20 mg/kg

Repeated Dose Toxicity
No data available.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation
May cause skin irritation.
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
May irritate eyes.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization
Not a skin sensitizer.

Carcinogenicity
IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR1910.1001-1052)
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity
In Vitro
No mutagenic components identified.

In Vivo
No mutagenic components identified.

Reproductive Toxicity
No components toxic to reproduction.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity—Single Exposure
No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity—Repeated Exposure
No data available.

Aspiration Hazard
Not classified.

Other Effects
None known.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity
Acute Hazards to the Aquatic Environment
Fish
- N-Amyl Acetate: LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis), 24 h): 65 mg/l Mortality
- N-Amyl Acetate: LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis), 48 h): 65 mg/l Mortality
- N-Amyl Acetate: LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis), 96 h): 65 mg/l Mortality
- Isoamyl Acetate: LC 50 (Carp (Leuciscus idus melanotus), 48 h): 36 mg/l Mortality

Aquatic Invertebrates
- N-Amyl Acetate: LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h): 210 mg/l Mortality
- N-Amyl Acetate: LC 50 (Brine shrimp (Artemia salina), 24 h): 53 mg/l Mortality

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants
No data available.

Chronic Hazards to the Aquatic Environment
Fish
No data available.

Aquatic Invertebrates
No data available.

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants
N-Amyl Acetate: LC 50 (Alga, 24 h): 1,300 mg/l

Persistence and Degradability
Biodegradation
There are no data on the degradability of this product.

BOD/COD Ratio
No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential
Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)
No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (octanol / water (log Kow))
No data available.

Mobility in Soil
No data available.
Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Contaminated Packaging
Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Emptied containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapors. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container. Follow label warnings until container is thoroughly cleaned or destroyed.

Section 14: Transportation Information

US Department of Transportation (DOT)
UN Number: UN1104
UN Proper Shipping Name: Amyl Acetates
Technical Name:
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Risk: -
Packing Group: III
DOT Label/Placard Exemptions: Not determined
Special Provisions: B1, I83, T2, TP1
Packaging Exceptions: 49CFR 173.150
Packaging Non-Bulk: 49CFR 173.203
Packaging Bulk: 49CFR 173.242
Reportable Quantity (RQ): 5000 lb (2270 kg)
Marine Pollutant: No
Poison Inhalation Hazard: No
Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) #: 129

Important Note: Shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin and destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations
Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA), Chemical Substance Inventory, Section 8(b)
This product or ingredient(s) are listed on the TSCA inventory. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
The following chemical(s) in this material are subject to reporting levels established by CERCLA:
Amyl Acetate (CAS # 628-63-7)
Isooamy acetate (CAS # 123-92-2)

Clean Air Act (CAA), Section 112(r)
No chemical(s) in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of CAA.

Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA)
EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance
No chemical(s) in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

EPCRA 304 Emergency Response Notification
No chemical(s) in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 304.

EPCRA311/312 Emergency and Hazardous Materials Reporting
Fire Hazard: Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure: No
Reactive: No
Acute (Immediate) Health Hazard: Yes
Chronic (Delayed) Health Hazard: Yes

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemical Release Inventory (TRI) Reporting
This material does not contain any chemical(s) with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations
California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65)
This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Important Note: Due to the changing nature of regulatory requirements, the information in this document should NOT be considered all-inclusive or authoritative. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. International, Federal, State and Local regulations should be consulted to determine compliance with all required reporting requirements.
Section 16: Other Information

Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS®) Classification

Health Hazard: 1
Chronic Health Hazard: *
Flammability: 2
Physical Hazard: 0

Hazard Rating: 0—Minimal / 1—Slight / 2—Moderate / 3—Serious / 4—Severe

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 704) Rating

Health Hazard: 1
Fire Hazard: 3
Reactivity Hazard: 0
Special: N/A

Hazard Rating: 0—Minimal / 1—Slight / 2—Moderate / 3—Serious / 4—Severe

Prepared by: Regulatory Manager
Version #: 001
Issue Date: July 9, 2015
Revision Date: August 20, 2018
Revisions: -1

Key to Abbreviations and Acronyms

ATE – Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF – Bioconcentration Factor
EC50 – Effective concentration, 50%
IDHL – Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
Kg – Kilogram
L – Liter
Lb – Pound
LC50 – Lethal Concentration, 50%
LD50 – Lethal Dose, 50%
mg – milligram
ml – milliliter
N/A – Not Applicable
N/D – Not Determined
PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit
REL – Recommended Exposure Limit
STEL – Short-term Exposure Limit
TWA – Time weighted average

ACGIH – American Conference of Industrial Hygienists
AIHA – American Industrial Hygiene Association
BEI – Biological Exposure Indices
CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service
DOT – US Department of Transportation
EPA – US Environmental Protection Agency
GHS – Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA – International Air Transport Association
IBC – Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods
NIOSH – National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NTP – National Toxicology Program
OSHA – US Occupational Health and Safety Administration
SARA – US EPA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
TSCA – US EPA Toxic Substances Control Act
UN – United Nations

References

HSDB® – Hazardous Substances Data Bank

Disclaimer

The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING ITS CORRECTNESS. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use, and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. FOR THIS AND OTHER REASONS, WE DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE HANDLING, STORAGE, USE OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.