1. Company and Product Identification

Product Name: Sodium Fluoride
Chemical Name: Sodium Fluoride
Synonyms: None
Chemical Formula: NaF
Molecular Weight: 42
CAS Number: 7681-49-4
EINECS Number: 231-667-8
Grade/Trade Names: Coarse Blends, Granular, Powder, USP, Coarse, Crystal
Recommended Uses: Welding and fluxing agents; Metallurgy; Glass industry; Dental application; Water Fluoridation
Supplier: Harcros Chemicals, Inc.
5200 Speaker Road
Kansas City, KS 66106-1095
Supplier Telephone Number: 913-321-3131

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-424-9300
2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INGREDIENTS</th>
<th>FORMULA</th>
<th>WT. PERCENT</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Fluoride</td>
<td>NaF</td>
<td>≥ 97.00%</td>
<td>7681-49-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Fluorosilicate</td>
<td>Na₄SiF₆</td>
<td>≤ 2.50%</td>
<td>16893-85-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>H₂O</td>
<td>≤ 0.50%</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview:
- Hazardous product for the human health and the aquatic environment.
- Presents hazards from its ionizing fluorine.
- In case of decomposition, releases hydrogen fluoride.

Route of Entry: Inhalation: Yes  Skin: Yes  Ingestion: Yes

Potential Effects of exposure:
- Irritating to the mucous membranes, eyes and skin.
- Risk of cardiac and nervous disorders.
- Fatalities have been observed after a single dose of 5 grams or more taken by an adult weighing 70 kg.
- Chronic exposure to the product can cause bone or dental fluorosis

Inhalation:
- Nose and throat irritation.
- Cough.
- At high concentrations, risk of hypocalcemia with nervous problems (tetany) and cardiac arrhythmia.
- In case of repeated or prolonged exposure: risk of sore throat, nose bleeds, chronic bronchitis.

Eyes:
- Severe eye irritation, watering and redness.
- Risk of temporary eye lesions.

Skin contact:
- Irritation.
- In case of repeated contact: risk of burns.

Ingestion:
- Severe irritation of the mouth, throat, esophagus and stomach.
- Abundant salivation.
- Nausea, vomiting, abdominal cramps and diarrhea.
- Risk of hypocalcaemia with nervous disorders (tetany) and cardiac rhythm disorders.
- Risk of convulsions, loss of consciousness, deep coma and cardiopulmonary arrest.
- Risk of general symptoms having a severe prognosis.

Carcinogenicity: See section 11
4. First-Aid Measures

General Recommendations: Strict hygiene during and at the end of working shifts.

Inhalation:
- Remove the subject from dusty environment.
- Oxygen or cardiopulmonary resuscitation if necessary.
- Consult with a physician in case of respiratory symptoms.

Eyes:
- Consult with an ophthalmologist immediately in all cases.
- Take to hospital immediately.
- Flush eyes with running water for 5 minutes, while keeping the eyelids wide open.
- Rinse the eyes with a calcium gluconate 1% solution in physiological serum (10ml of calcium gluconate 10% in 90 ml of physiological serum) for 10 minutes. (Continue a calcium gluconate drip into eyes... Then drop wise while transporting.) If 1% calcium gluconate is not available continue flushing with water.
- In the case difficulty opening the lids, administer an analgesic eye wash. Do not use oily drops, ointment, or HF skin burn treatments.

Skin:
- Remove contaminated shoes, socks and clothing; while washing the affected skin with running water for 5 minutes. Double bag all contaminated clothing for disposal.
- Immediately apply calcium gluconate gel 2.5% and massage into the affected area using rubber gloves; continue to massage while repeatedly applying gel until 15 minutes after pain is relieved (see section 16).
- If fingers/finger nails are touched, even if there is no pain, dip them in a bath of 5% calcium gluconate for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Apply water longer (15 minutes) if calcium gluconate is not available.
- Provide clean clothing.
- Consult with a physician in cases of persistent pain or redness.

Ingestion:
General recommendations
- Consult with a physician immediately in all cases.
- Take to hospital.

If the subject is completely conscious:
- Rinse mouth with fresh water.
- Give to drink a 1% aqueous calcium gluconate solution.
- If the subject presents nervous, respiratory or cardiovascular disorders: administer oxygen.
- Classical resuscitation measures.

If the subject is unconscious:
- NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON

Medical Treatment/Notes to Physician: See Section 4.1
5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flash point: Not applicable
Auto-ignition Temperature: No data
flammability Limits: No data
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: No data

Extinguishing Methods
Common: In case of fire in close proximity, all means of extinguishing are acceptable
Inappropriate extinguishing means: No restriction.

Fire Fighting Procedures:
Specific hazards:
- Non-combustible
- Formation of dangerous gas/vapors in case of decomposition (see section 10).

Protective measures in case of intervention:
- Wear self contained breathing apparatus when in close proximity or in confined spaces.
- When intervening in close proximity wear acid resistant over suit.
- After intervention, proceed to clean the equipment (take a shower, remove clothing carefully, clean and check).

Other precautions: Control the use of water due to environmental risk (see section 6).

6. Accidental Release Measures

Precautions:
- Follow the protective measures given in section 8.
- Avoid dispersing the dust into a cloud.

Cleanup methods:
- Collect the product with suitable means avoiding dust formation.
- Place everything into a closed, labeled container compatible with the product.
- For disposal methods, refer to section 13.
- Clean area with large quantities of water.

Precautions for protection of the environment:
- Immediately notify the appropriate authorities in case of significant discharge.
- Prevent discharges into the environment (sewers, rivers, soils, etc.)
7. Handling and Storage

Handling:
Use only equipment and materials which are compatible with the product.
Keep away from heat sources.
Keep away from reactive products (see section 10).

Storage:
• Keep in original packaging, and closed.
• Keep away from reactive products (see section 10).

Specific Uses: See Section 1.2

Other precautions:
• Warn people about the hazards of the Sodium Fluoride.
• Avoid dust and formation of dust clouds.
• Follow the protective measures given in section 8.

Packaging:
• Paper lined with PE
• Drums lined with PE

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limit Values: Sodium Fluoride

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<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fluorides</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³ (as F)</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³ (as F)</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³ (as F)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Exposure Controls:
• Follow the protective measures given in section 7.
• Maintain employee exposures to levels below the applicable exposure limits.

Occupational Exposure Controls:

Ventilation: Provide local ventilation suitable for the dust risk.

Respiratory protection:
• Self-contained breathing apparatus in medium confinement/insufficient oxygen/in case of large uncontrolled emissions/in all circumstances when the mask and cartridge do not give adequate protection.
• Use only respiratory protection that conforms to International/national standards.
• Use only NIOSH approved respirators.
• Comply with OSHA respiratory protection requirements

Hand protection: Protective gloves - chemical resistant: PVC, neoprene, rubber.

Eye protection: Dust proof goggles.
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Skin protection:
- Overalls.
- Apron/boots of PVC, neoprene, rubber in case of dusts.

Other precautions:
- Do not smoke, eat and drink in the working area.
- Take off contaminated clothing immediately after work.
- Shower and eye wash stations.
- Consult the industrial hygienist or the safety manager for the selection of personal protective equipment suitable for the working conditions.
- Maintain adequate supply of antidote gel, calcium gluconate.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Crystalline Powder
Odor: White
Color: Odorless

Important Health, Safety and Environmental Information:
Ph: 9.2 at 20°C (68°F) 1% solution

Change of state:
Melting point: 995°C (1823°F)
Boiling point: 1695°C (3083°F)
Decomposition Temperature: No data

Flash Point: Not applicable

Flammability: Not applicable
(solid, gas)

Explosive Properties: No data

Oxidizing Properties: Not applicable

Vapor pressure: 1.33 hPa

Relative Density:
Specific gravity (H₂O=1): 2.5-2.6

Solubility:
Water: 42 g/l at 20°C (68°F)
Fat: No data

Partition coefficient: Not applicable
Viscosity: Not applicable

Vapor Density (air=1): Not applicable

Evaporation Rate: Not applicable

Other Information:
Granulomty: 90% > 1 mm
10. Stability and Reactivity

**Stability**: Stable under certain conditions (see below).

**Conditions to avoid**: Moisture

**Materials and substances to avoid**:
- Strong acids-reacts
- Glass-reacts

**Hazardous decomposition products**: Hydrogen fluoride

**Hazardous Polymerization**: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

**Acute toxicity**:

**Inhalation**:

**Oral**: LD<sub>50</sub> = 52-250 mg/kg, rat

**Dermal**: LD<sub>10</sub> = ~300 mg/kg, mouse

**Irritation**:
- Rabbit, slight irritant (skin)
- Rabbit, irritant (eyes)

**Sensitization**: No data

**Comments**:
- Chronic exposure may entail dental or skeletal fluorosis.
- The carcinogenic effect found in animals is not demonstrated in humans.
- Risk of toxic effect on reproduction.

**Chronic toxicity**:
- Oral route, after prolonged exposure, rat/mouse, target organ: skeleton / thyroid / testes / kidney, liver, ~ 1mg/kg, observed effect.
- Ambiguous carcinogenic effect.
- Ambiguous mutagenic effect.
- Fetotoxic and fertility effects.

**Carcinogenic Designation**: None
Sodium Fluoride

13. Disposal Considerations

12. Ecological Information

**Acute ecotoxicity:**
- Fish, Salmo gairdneri, LC$_{50}$, 96 hour(s), 112 mg/l
- Crustaceans, Daphnia magna, EC$_{50}$, 48 hour(s), 213 mg/l
  - Conditions: Fresh water
- Crustaceans, Mysisopsis bahia, EC$_{50}$, 96 hour(s), 23 mg/l
  - Conditions: Salt water
- Algae, Scene dearmus sp. EC$_{50}$, 96 hour(s), 95 mg/l

**Chronic ecotoxicity:**
- Fish, Salmo gairdneri, LC$_{50}$, 21 days, from 5.9-10.3 mg/l
- Crustaceans, Daphnia magna, NOEC, 21 days, 8.1 mg/l

**Mobility:**
- Air - Result: mobility as solid aerosols
- Water/soil - Result: considerable solubility and mobility
- Soil/sediments - Result: adsorption on mineral soil constituents
  - Conditions: slightly acid pH (Fluorides)

**Degradation**
  - Degradation products: aluminum/iron/calcium/phosphate complexes and/or precipitates as a function of pH (Fluorides)
- Biotic: Result: not applicable (inorganic compound)

**Potential for bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration: log Po/w
- Result: not applicable (ionizable inorganic compound)
- Result: accumulation into vegetable leafs (Fluorides)

**Other adverse effects /Comments:**
- Harmful for aquatic organisms.
- Nevertheless, hazard for the aquatic environment is limited due to product properties: low chronic toxicity
- Product fate is highly depending on environmental conditions: pH, temperature, oxidoreductive potential, mineral and organic content of the medium,...

13. Disposal Considerations

**Waste treatment:**
- Consult current federal, state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.
- It is recommended to contact the producer for recycling/recovery.
- Dispose of the product at a landfill authorized for industrial waste

**Packaging treatment:** Consult current federal, state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of emptied containers.

**RCRA Hazardous Waste:** Not Listed
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14. Transportation Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
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<th>IMDG</th>
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<td>Class (Subsidiary)</td>
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<td>Proper Shipping Name</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hazard label (Subsidiary)</td>
<td>Poison</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Placard (Subsidiary)</td>
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<td>Reportable Quantity</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MFAG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

15. Regulatory Information

National Regulations (US)

TSCA Inventory 8(b): Yes

SARA Title III Sec. 302/303 Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355): No

SARA Title III Sec. 311/312 (40 CFR 370): No

SARA Title III Sec. 313 Toxic Chemical Emissions Reporting (40 CFR 372): No

CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR Part 302):
  Listed: Yes, Reportable Quantity 1,000 lbs

State Component Listing: No Data.

National Regulations (Canada) Canadian DSL Registration: DSL

WHMIS Classification: D2A - Very Toxic Material

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Labeling according to Directive 1999/45/EC.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Phrase</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Symbols</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>Toxic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phrases R</td>
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<td>Toxic if swallowed.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>36</td>
<td>Irritating to eyes and skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phrases S</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Do not breathe dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>36</td>
<td>Wear suitable protective clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>45</td>
<td>In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately show the label where possible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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16. Other Information

Ratings:
NFPA (NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION)
Health = 03  Flammability = 0  Instability = 0  Special = None

HMIS (HAZARDOUS MATERIAL INFORMATION SYSTEM)
Health = 3  Fire = 0  Reactivity = 0  PPE = Supplied by User, dependent on local conditions

Other Information:

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. Harcros Chemicals, Inc. provides no warranties, either expressed or implied and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained herein. This information is for your information, consideration, and investigation. you should satisfy yourself that you have all current data relevant to your particular use. Harcros Chemicals, Inc. knows of no medical condition, other than those noted on this Material Safety Data Sheet, which are generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure to this product.